

# Conductor

## IN ELECTROTECHNICS WE ARE DIFFERENTIATING BETWEEN:

- ◆ Insulators
- ◆ Semiconductors
- ◆ Conductors
- ◆ Superconductors

The smaller the specific resistance of a conductor material, the less the conductor heats up and the less energy is lost during transportation

## THE MOST IMPORTANT CONDUCTOR MATERIALS:

- ◆ Copper
- ◆ Copper TPC, SPC and NPC
- ◆ Aluminium
- ◆ Silver

(Fibre optic)

Each of these materials has a specific field of application

## COPPER, TPC, SPC, NPC

- ◆ Copper: up to 130 °C
- ◆ TPC: up to 180 °C
- ◆ SPC: up to 260 °C
- ◆ NPC: 260 °C upwards

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## PLATING

Protects the core wire from oxidation and provides the barrier between core and wire insulation during high temperature insulating process  
Gives excellent conductivity in high frequency circuits

## COATING EFFECT

Higher temperatures and no effect at sub-zero temperatures  
Very good solderability

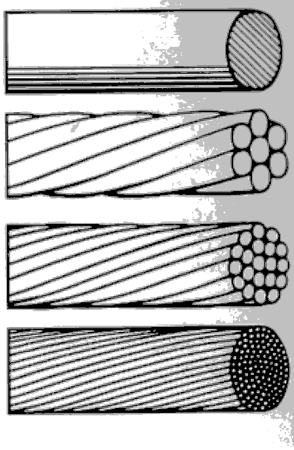
## ALLOYS

Contrary to plating, where the outer surface is covered by plating materials, alloys materials are homogeneously mixed with the copper.

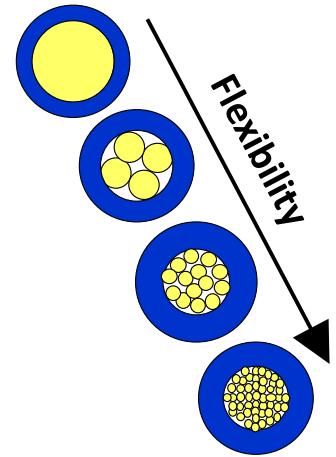
- ◆ Increase of mechanicals properties
- ◆ Properties of basic material, i.e. conductivity are maintained (in case of plating conductivity is increased).

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## CONDUCTOR FLEXIBILITY



- Class 1 :** solid  
not flexible
- Class 2 :** multi strand conductor  
7 wire strand, Slightly Flexible
- Class 5 :** fine wire stranding  
Very Flexible
- Class 6 :** superfine stranding  
Super Flexible



## CONDUCTOR MATERIAL

**Copper:** for general technical use

**Aluminium:** in cases where weight must be saved

**Silver:** if resistance has to be very small and chemical stress is great

**Fibre optic:** no electrical conductor.  
Conducting medium are light waves

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## CONDUCTOR CHARACTERISTICS

Conductor	Continuous Temperature in Operation up to	Electrical Conductivity	Soldering Characteristics	Corrosion Resistance	Bending Capacity	Price Index
<b>Plain Copper</b>	130°C 270°F	Very Good	Good	Good	Very Good	1
<b>Tinned Copper</b>	180°C 360°F	Very Good	Very Good	Very Good	Good	2
<b>Silver Plated Copper</b>	205°C 400°F	Very Good	Very Good	Sufficient	Good	5
<b>Nickel Plated Copper</b>	260°C 500°F	Good	Adequate	Very Good	Sufficient	3
<b>Nickel</b>	500°C 930°F	Sufficient	Soldering not possible	Very Good	Sufficient	4

Property	Dimension	Silver	Copper	Aluminium	Steel
<b>Conductance</b>	m/Ohm x mm <sup>2</sup>	62	58	36	7
<b>Tensile strength</b>	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	300	200	150	1000
<b>Melting point</b>	° C	960	1084	658	1500
<b>Price factor</b>		370	32	31	1

